What Top-Level Software Engineers Tackle after Learning Formal Methods: Experiences from the Top SE Project

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- Report educational activities on FM for engineers in the industry
  - Overview of the Top SE Project
  - Lecture Courses
  - Graduation Studies
  - Statistics and Discussion

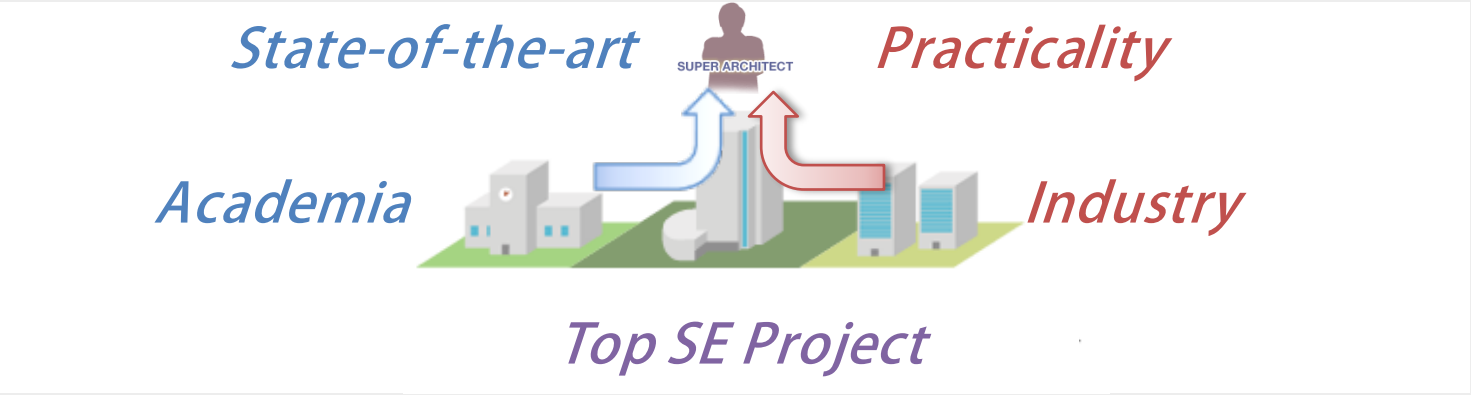
Top SE Project: Background/Motivation

Background

- Gaps between academia and industry regarding efficient and reliable approaches for SE (e.g., FM)

Objective & Approach

- Produce top-level software engineers by introducing scientific approaches (in academia) into industry
- Let academic/industrial experts jointly develop and provide an educational program



Top SE Project: History and Present Status

2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

1st Students

2nd Students

3rd Students

4th Students (Present)

5th Students (under call)

Gradual Development

- **30 students per year**
- **20 lecture courses**
- **25 lecturers**
  (15 from academia, 10 from industry)

(on average)

Government-Funded Set-up
(Free program for 1.5 year)

Renewal and Sustainable Operation
(Fee-paying program for 1 year, about $5,000/student)

Top SE Project: Lecture Courses

Series	Lecture Courses
Foundations (2)	Foundations in mathematical theory, Foundations in practical SE
Architecture (3)	Component-based development, Software patterns, Aspect-orientation
Formal Specification (3)	*Foundations, Applications, and Security aspects*
Model Checking (4)	*Foundations, Applications, Concurrency aspects, Real-time aspects*
Requirements Analysis (4)	Goal-oriented analysis, Elicitation and Identification, Security aspects, Early analysis
Implementation Techniques (3)	Testing, *Program analysis, Verification of implementation models*
Management (2)	Metrics, Development management

Features in the Program

- Lecture courses (1.5h * 15 per course)
  - Learn different methods/tools in each area to see common principles and different strategies
  - Have group exercises to discuss how to apply the methods/tools using real application examples
- Graduation study (3 month -)
  - Tackle problems identified by themselves
    - Problems in their projects
    - Problems in applying learnt methods/tools

  (with lecturers as supervisors)
- Successive PhD work at a graduate univ.

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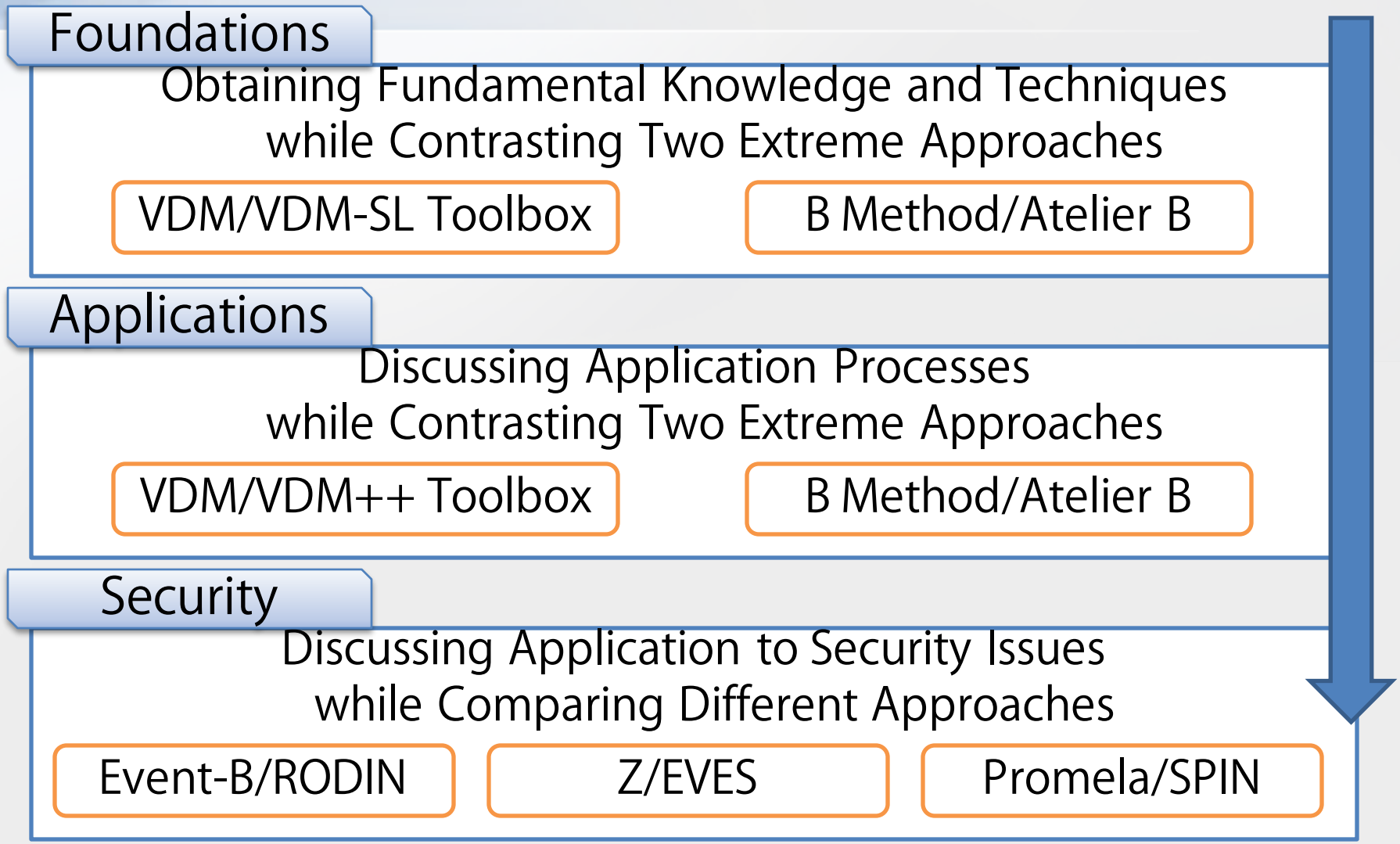
Formal Specification Series



Model Checking Series

Foundations

Obtaining Fundamental Knowledge and Techniques

SPIN

Applications

Discussing Application Processes with Comparing Different Tools

SPIN | SMV | LTSA

Concurrency

Discussing Difficulties in Verification and Implementation with Concurrency

CSP (FDR, JCSP)

Performance

Obtaining Fundamental Knowledge and Techniques and Discussing Application Processes with Timed Models

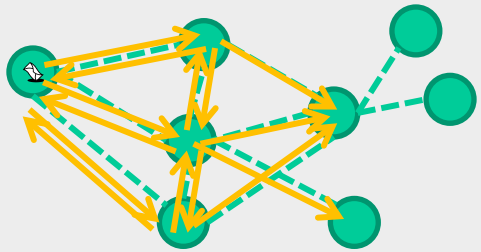
UPPAAL

Implementation Techniques Series

- Complements by introducing methods/tools on source codes
  - Program Analysis Course
    - JML
  - Verification of Implementation Models
    - Java PathFinder

Group Exercise: Example of VDM and B

- Group exercises for VDM and B
  - Formalize and validate a real, complex standard specification written in natural languages
    - Use small parts of OLSR, a standard protocol for routing management in ad-hoc networks
  - Discuss modeling/validation strategies
    - What to model? (or what to abstract away?)
    - What properties to check?
    - What ambiguities need to be resolved?



- Share information on the topology
- Choose nodes that forward messages for complete but more efficient multicasting

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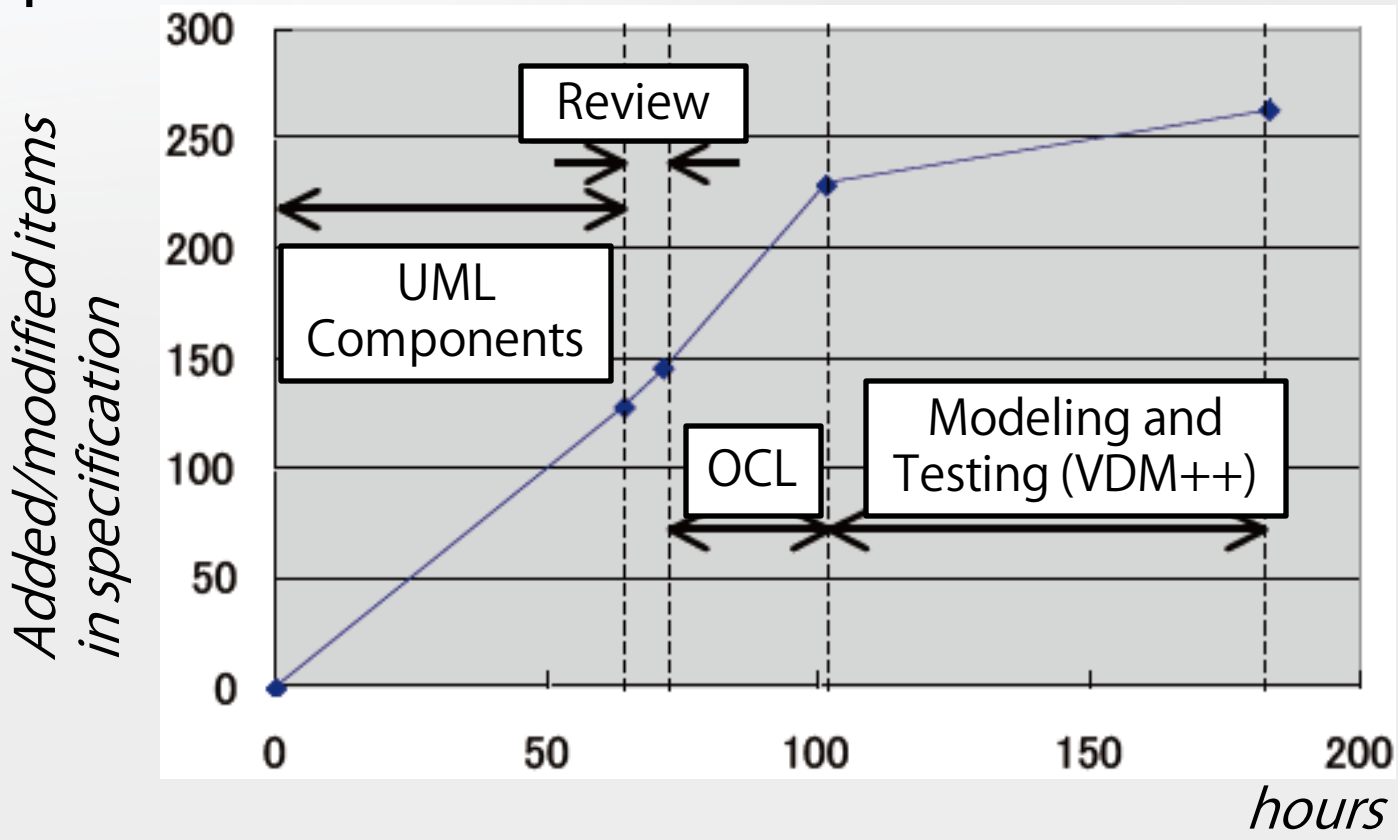
Types of Graduation Studies

- Case study
  - Tackle problems in a certain project by choosing and applying learnt methods/tools
- Domain-specific finer-grained support
  - Tackle problems in applying learnt methods/tools by developing domain-specific methods/tools
- Bridging gaps between methods/tools
  - Tackle problems in connecting different methods/tools by developing methods/tools
- Extension of methods/tools
  - Tackle problems in learnt methods/tools by extending them

Examples of Graduation Studies (1)

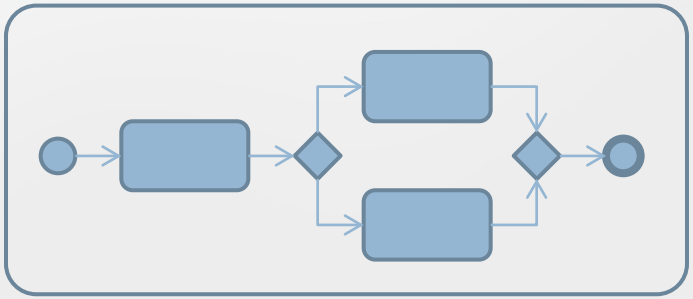
- *Case-study type*: Run an experimental project and evaluate effects of introducing formal specifications



Examples of Graduation Studies (2)

- *Domain-specific support type*: Develop a tool to verify business processes with real-time properties considering resource constraints

Business Process Specification in BPMN



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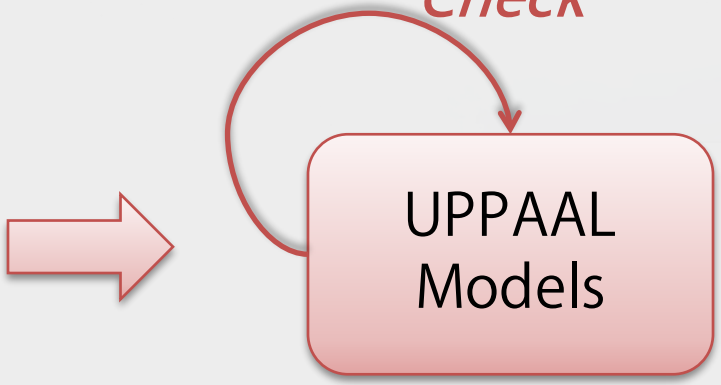
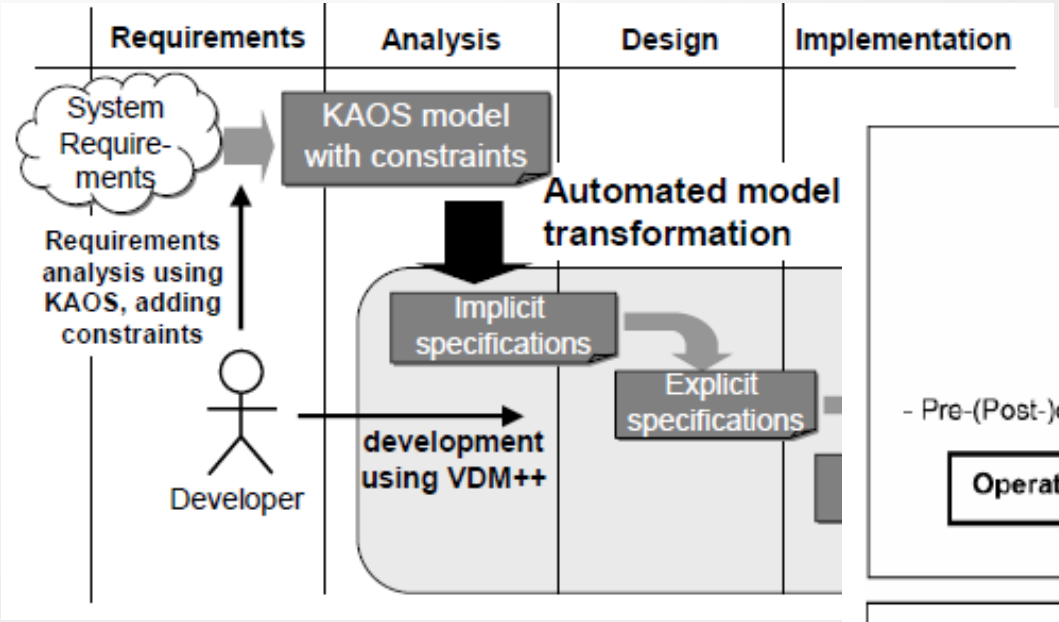
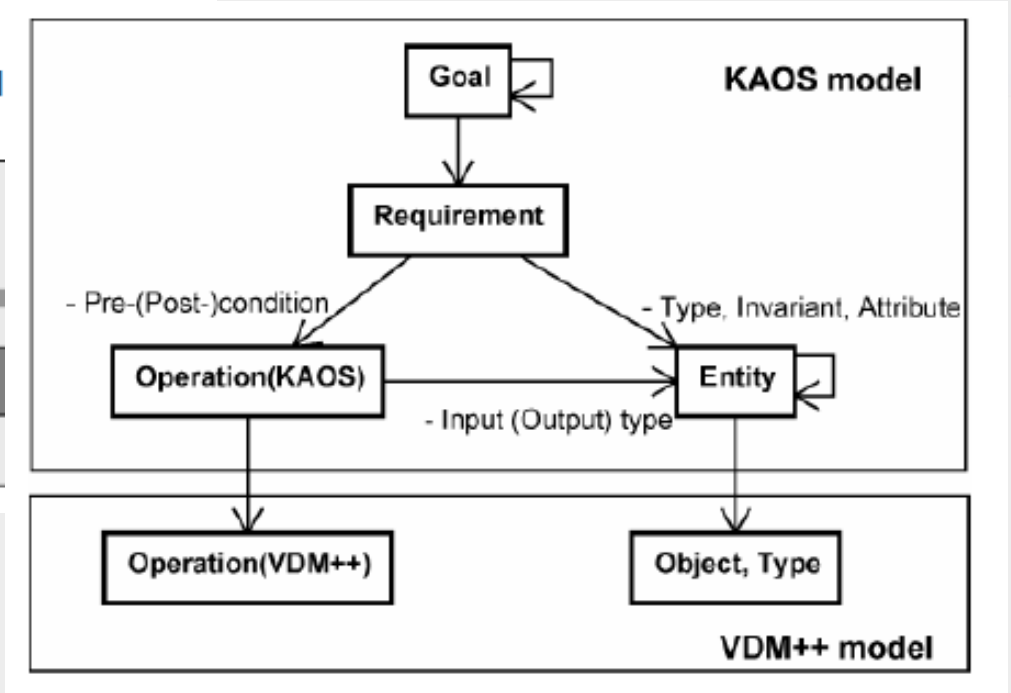


Annotation on time aspects and resource aspects (e.g., number of human workers, process instances)

Examples of Graduation Studies (3)

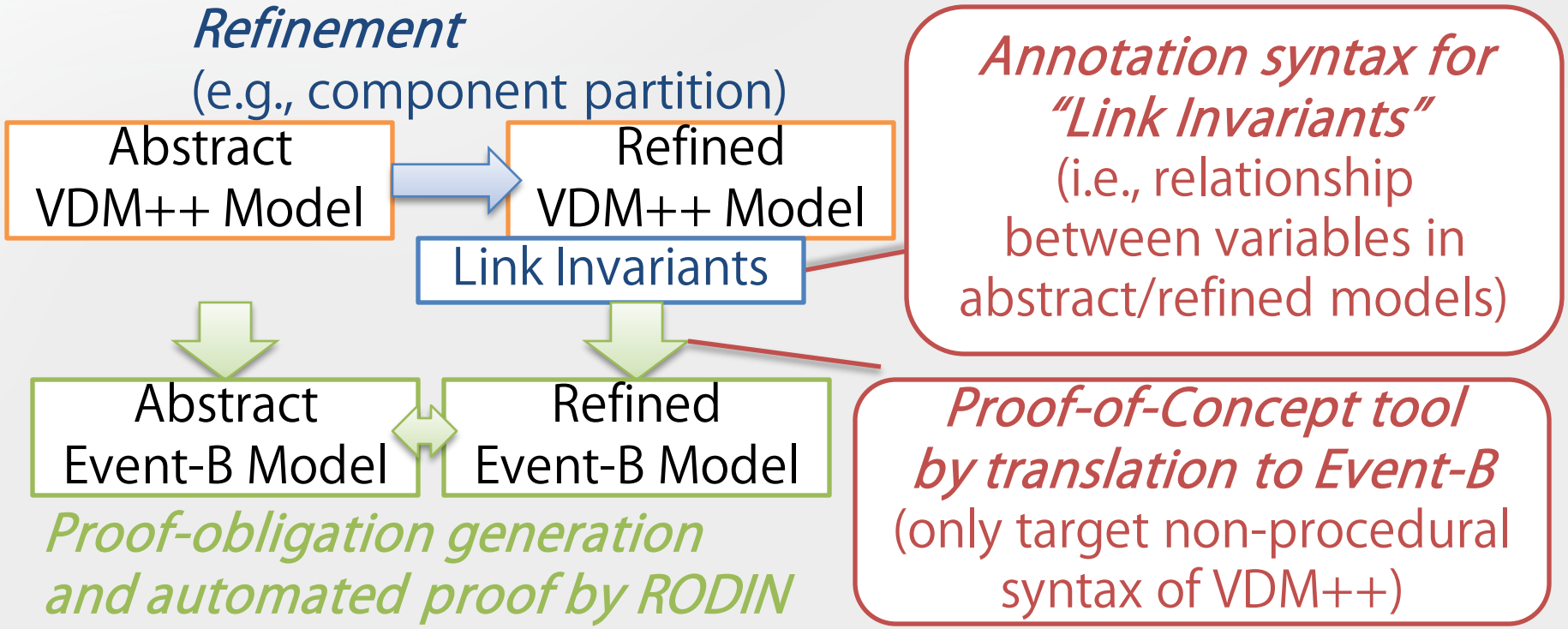
- *Bridging-gaps type*: Develop a method and tool to derive VDM++ skeleton from requirements obtained by KAOS [Nakagawa, ASE07]





Examples of Graduation Studies (4)

- *Extension type*: Define a VDM++ extension to specify Event-B-type refinement relationships as well as a translator from the extended VDM++ to Event-B [Kawamata, SEFM09]



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Statistics on Lecture Courses

For the 3rd students (30)

Series	Course	Students completed (attended)
Model Checking	Foundations (SPIN)	17 (21)
	Apps. (SPIN, SMV, LTSA)	12 (15)
	Performance (UPPAAL)	5 (10)
	Concurrency (CSP)	8 (10)
Formal Specs.	Foundations (VDM, B)	20 (27)
	Applications (VDM, B)	14 (20)
	Security (Event-B, Z, SPIN)	4 (5)
Impl. Techniques	Analysis (JML)	6(14)
	Verification (JPF)	5 (6)

Statistics on Graduation Studies: Methods

28 in total on FM, among the 1st-3rd students (61)

Series	Method/Tool	Num. of Studies
Model Checking	SPIN	8
	UPPAAL	2
	CSP (FDR/JCSP)	3
	Tool-independent	1
Formal Specs.	VDM	5
	Event-B	3
Impl. Techniques	JML (ESC/Java2)	1
	Java PathFinder	1
Combination	SPIN + SMV, SPIN + JPF, VDM + SPIN, VDM + Event-B	4

Statistics on Graduation Studies: Types

28 in total on FM, among the 1st-3rd students (61)

Classification	Num. of Studies
Case Study	6
Domain-Specific, Finer-Grained Support	11
Bridging Gaps between Different Methods/Tools	7
Extension of Methods/Tols	4

Some Note

- VDM is so popular (next to SPIN), which could be surprising?
  - Because of the Japanese companies: CSK (VDM Toolbox) and Sony/Felica (application to chips on so large number of mobile phones)
- Many students chose Domain-Specific support
  - Their comments were like “I like the method/tool and found it useful, but cannot make our all colleagues learn, think over and use the general one directly”
- While innovation in methods/tools is too difficult for them
  - As non-experts in semantics and formalisms

Summary

- Reported educational activities in the Top SE project
  - Target engineers from Japanese industry
  - Teach different methods/tools to recognize common principles and different approaches
    - Involve group exercises to work on real examples, which make students consider and discuss application strategies
  - Involve graduation studies, where students tackle problems they identify by themselves

⇨ Should be a good source of useful suggestions

Thank you!